CLAIMS

1. A process for preparing a low-electrostatically-charging granular polytetrafluoroethylene powder prepared by contacting a polar group-containing organic compound having an electrostatic charging-preventing ability when substantially dry to a granular polytetrafluoroethylene powder and then drying the granular powder while the polar group-containing organic compound is kept remaining in the powder.

2. The preparation process of Claim 1, wherein the polar group-containing organic compound having an electrostatic charging-preventing ability when substantially dry is contacted in the form of an aqueous solution to the granular polytetrafluoroethylene powder and then the granular powder is dried without washing.

3. The preparation process of ~~any of Claims 1 and 2~~ Claim 1, wherein the granular polytetrafluoroethylene powder does not contain a filler.

4. The preparation process of ~~any of Claims 1 and 2~~ Claim 1, wherein the granular polytetrafluoroethylene powder contains an electrically insulating filler.

5. The preparation process of ~~any of Claims 1 to 4~~ Claim 1, wherein the polar group-containing organic compound is a surfactant.

6. The preparation process of Claim 5, wherein the

surfactant is ~~an~~ anionic or nonionic ~~surfactant~~.

7. The preparation ~~process of any of Claims 5 and 6~~ Claim 5, wherein the surfactant is used in the form of an aqueous solution.

8. A granular polytetrafluoroethylene powder containing a polar group-containing organic compound in an amount of 10 to 300 ppm and having an electrostatic charge of not more than 50 V.

9. ~~The~~ powder of Claim 8, wherein the electrostatic charge is not more than 10 V.

10. The powder of ~~Claim 8 or 9~~ Claim 8, wherein the polar group-containing organic compound is a nonionic surfactant.